

TOPIC: SIMPLE PAST

➤ OBJECTIVES:

TO APPLY THE USE OF PAST SIMPLE IN SHORT CONVERSATION, IN AFFIRMATIVE, INTERROGATIVE AND NEGATIVE SENTENCES.

➤ TO KNOW THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE REGULAR AND IRREGULAR VERBS AND HIS PRONOUNCIATION.

➤ USE WH QUESTIONS IN PAST SIMPLE

➤ USE TECHNICAL VOCABULARY IN PAST SIMPLE

I. DEFINITION:

The simple past tense, sometimes called the preterite, is used to talk about a **completed action** in a time **before now**. The simple past is the basic form of past tense in English. The time of the action can be in the recent past or the distant past and action duration is not important.

To understand the past simple it is necessary to see the difference between the regular and irregular verbs.

II. REGULAR VERBS:

A regular verb is one that conforms to the usual rule for forming its simple past tense and its past participle.

In English, the "usual" rule is to add "-ed" or "-d" to the base form of the verb to create the past forms.

Here is a list of the main regular verbs: study, practice and memorize the meaning of these verbs:

PRESENT

PAST

AGREE	AGREED
ADMIRE	ADMIRIED
APPEAR	APPEARED
ARRIVE	ARRIVED
BOIL	BOILED
CALL	CALLED
CLAIM	CLAIMED
CLEAN	CLEANED
COMB	COMBED
COMPARE	COMPARED
CONSIDER	CONSIDERED
COVER	COVERED
DELIVER	DELIVERED
EMPLOY	EMPLOYED
ENJOY	ENJOYED
FAIL	FAILED
IMPROVE	IMPROVED
JOIN	JOINED
KILL	KILLED
LIVE	LIVED
LOVE	LOVED
OPEN	OPENED
CLOSE	CLOSED
ORDER	ORDERED
PLAY	PLAYED
PRAY	PRAYED
REPAIR	REPAIRED
RETURN	RETURNED
SMILE	SMILED
STAY	STAYED
TRAIN	TRAINED
TRAVEL	TRAVELED
ASK	ASKED
CONFUSE	CONFUSED
LIKE	LIKED
DISLIKE	DISLIKED
DRESS	DRESSED
EXERCISE	EXERCISED
FINISH	FINISHED
HELP	HELPED

INCREASE	INCREASED
JUMP	JUMPED
MISS	MISSED
MIX	MIXED
PASS	PASSED
POLISH	POLISHED
TALK	TALKED
USE	USED
WALK	WALKED
USE	USED
WORK	WORKED
WASH	WASHED
DRY	DRIED
CRY	CRIED
TRY	TRIED
STUDY	STUDIED
COPY	COPIED
ADD	ADDED
DECIDE	DECIDED
PAINT	PAINTED
GUIDE	GUIDED
LAND	LANDED
PLANT	PLANTED
PROTECT	PROTECTED
START	STARTED
ACCEPT	ACCEPTED
COMPLETE	COMPLETED
CONNECT	CONNECTED
CORRECT	CORRECTED
CHANGE	CHANGED

III. What Are Irregular Verbs?

Irregular verbs are **verbs** that don't take on the regular -d, -ed, or -ied spelling patterns of the past simple or past participle. So it is necessary to memorize its meaning and its writing.

Here are a list of irregular verbs : study ,practice and memorize its meaning:

PRESENT

BE
BEGIN
BREAK
BRING
BUILD
BUY
CATCH
COME
COST
CUT
CHOOSE
DO
DRAW
DRINK
DRIVE
EAT
FALL
FEED
FIGHT
FIND
FLY
FORGET
GET
GIVE
GO
GROW
HAVE
HEAR
HIT
KEEP
KNOW
LEAVE
LET
LOSE
MAKE
MEET
MISTAKE
PAY
PUT
READ
RUN

PAST

WAS/WERE
BEGAN
BROKE
BROUGHT
BUILT
BOUGHT
CAUGHT
CAME
COST
CUT
CHOSE
DID
DREW
DRANK
DROVE
ATE
FELL
FED
FOUGHT
FOUND
FLEW
FORGOT
GOT
GAVE
WENT
GREW
HAD
HEARD
HIT
KEPT
KNEW
LEFT
LET
LOST
MADE
MET
ISTOOD
PAID
PUT
READ
RAN

SAY	SAID
SEE	SAW
SELL	SOLD
SEND	SENT
SING	SANG
SLEEP	SLEPT
SPEAK	SPOKE
SPEED	SPED
SWEEP	SWEPT
SWIM	SWAM
TAKE	TOOK
TEACH	TAUGHT
TELL	TOLD
THINK	THOUGHT
UNDERSTAND	UNDERSTOOD
WIN	WON
WRITE	WROTE

IV. COMO USAR EL PASADO SIMPLE Y DIFERENCIA ENTRE VERBOS REGULARES E IRREGULARES:

VER EL SIGUIENTE VIDEO:

VIDEO: . PARA VER EL VIDEO: HAGA CLICK DERECHO EN LA PÁGINA QUE SE MUESTRA. ALLI ENCONTRARÁ LA EXPRESIÓN ABRIR HIPERVÍNCULO. DÉ CLICK ALLÍ Y LISTO.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=moYDA4jbPy4>

COMO REALIZAR ORACIONES AFIRMATIVAS Y NEGATIVAS EN PASADO SIMPLE.

VER EL SIGUIENTE VIDEO: . PARA VER EL VIDEO: HAGA CLICK DERECHO EN LA PÁGINA QUE SE MUESTRA. ALLI ENCONTRARÁ LA EXPRESIÓN ABRIR HIPERVÍNCULO. DÉ CLICK ALLÍ Y LISTO.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wLuNOWXw96c>

WORKSHOP (TALLER)

REALIZAREL SIGUIENTE TALLER:

INDICACIONES:

1. LEA CUIDADOSAMENTE EL MATERIAL ENVIADO INCLUYENDO LOS VIDEOS QUE APARECEN EN LOS ENLACES ENVIADOS.
2. DEBE HACER UNA PORTADA CON LOS SIGUIENTES DATOS: NOMBRE COMPLETO, NÚMERO DE DOCUMENTO , CORREO ELECTRÓNICO Y GRUPO AL QUE PERTENECE.
3. HAGA EL TRABAJO EN FORMA INDIVIDUAL(NO SE COPIE) APRENDIZ QUE SE COPIE O PRESTE SU MATERIAL A OTRO COMPAÑERO PARA QUE SE COPIE LOS DOS SERAN SANCIONADOS CON UNA MALA NOTA.
4. ENVIE EL TRABAJO AL SIGUIENTE CORREO:
Pastoredwintorres24@hotmail.com
5. FECHA DE ENTREGA: ABRIL 24 DE 2020 (ÚNICA FECHA)
6. REALICE SU TAREA EN COMPUTADOR EN FORMA CLARA Y ORDENADA.

- I. FILL IN THE BLANKS WITH THE CORRECT FORM OF THE VERB IN PARENTHESIS (IN PAST SIMPLE) AND CHANGE TO INTERROGATIVE AND NEGATIVE SENTENCE; EXAMPLE:
USING A REGULAR VERB:
HE _____(PLAY) SOCCER THE LAST WEEK

RESPUESTA:

HE PLAYED SOCCER THE LASTWEEK (AFFIRMATIVE SENTENCE)

HE DIDN'T PLAY SOCCER THE LAST WEEK (NEGATIVE SENTENCE).

DID HE PLAY SOCCER THE LAST WEEK? (INTERROGATIVE SENTENCE)

USING AN IRREGULAR VERB:

THEY _____ (SPEAK) ENGLISH YESTERDAY

RESPUESTA:

THEY SPOKE ENGLISH YESTERDAY(AFFIRMATIVE SENTENCE)

THEY DIDN'T SPEAK ENGLISH YESTERDAY(NEGATIVE SENTENCE).

DID THEY SPEAK ENGLISH YESTERDAY?(INTERROGATIVE SENTENCE).

ACTIVITY

1. 1. SHE _____ (OPEN) THE DOOR THE LAST NIGHT.
 2. WE _____ (GO) TO THE ZOO THE LAST WEEK.
 3. THEY _____ (DANCE) VERY WELL
 4. I _____ (WRITE) A LETTER THE LAST MONTH
 5. YOU _____ (STUDY) ENGLISH THE LAST YEAR
 6. MARY _____ (EAT) PIZZA THE LAST SATURDAY
 7. TOMY _____ (LEARN) GERMAN THE LAST SEASON
 8. WE _____ (WIN) THE GAME THE LAST FRIDAY
 9. SHE _____ (SING) A BEAUTIFUL SONG
 10. I _____ (WASH) THE CAR THE LAST WEEK
- 2 MAKE A SHORT PARAGRAPH(20 LINES) IN PAST TENSE
- ANSWERING THIS QUESTION:
- WHAT DID YOU DO THE LAST WEEKEND?
- 3 STUDY THE LIST OF THE VERB : ITS PRONOUNCIATION, ITS WRITING, AND ITS MEANING.
- AND SEND THE LIST OF THE VERBS WITH ITS MEANING.

EXAMPLE:

REGULAR VERBS:

PRESENT	PAST	MEANING
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I.	AGREE	AGREED	ESTAR DE ACUERDO
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UN VEZ TERMINADA LA LISTA DE LOS VERBOS

REGULARES CONTINUE CON LA LISTA DE LOS VERBOS
IRREGULARES.

EXAMPLE.

II.	PRESENT	PAST	MEANING
	BE	WAS/WERE	SER O ESTAR